## INFORMATION & COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY PAPER 7

#### **OVERALL AIM**

To equip the learner to apply knowledge and skills acquired in information communication technology to provide solutions in a business environment.

#### **LEARNING OUTCOMES**

On completion of this course, the learner should be able to:

	Learning outcome	K	C	A	An	Е	S
1.	Describe information technology in a business context		$\checkmark$				
2.	Discuss the systems development process and the associated challenges		✓				
3.	Identify specification and selection of computer hardware and software solutions for business	$\checkmark$					
4.	Discuss the adequacy of general information technology and application controls		$\checkmark$				
5.	Discuss the benefits and challenges associated with the use of ICT		1				
6.	Discuss the advantages and disadvantages of using electronic media in business		√ 				
7.	Explain security, regulatory, policy and ethical issues associated with the use of ICT	$\checkmark$					
8.	Prepare numerical, text, graphical and database information using a computer			✓ 			

#### **LEVEL OF ASSESSMENT**

The examination will test the learner's knowledge, comprehension and application of skills in ICT to business.

#### **EXAMINATION STRUCTURE**

There will be a three-hour theory examination made up of sections A and B. Section A will comprise 20 compulsory multiple-choice questions of 20 marks. Section B will comprise five questions of 20 marks each, of which the candidate will be required to attempt any four. There will also be a one-hour thirty minutes hands-on examination of 50 marks.

#### **DETAILED SYLLABUS (THEORY)**

#### A INTRODUCTION

- 1. Importance of information technology in supporting business
- 2. Computer system:
  - (a) Computer and computer system
  - (b) Components of a computer system
  - (c) System environment boundary: Input, process, output
  - (d) Types of data/ information processing
  - (e) Care and security of computer systems:
    - (i) Computer systems security
    - (ii) Computer viruses (meaning and characteristics)
    - (iii) Software and data security
    - (iv) Dangers to computer software and information systems
    - (v) Precautions and safeguards against data/ file loss
    - (vi) Antivirus software: Meaning, characteristics, types

- (f) Management of computer systems
- (g) Data and information: Distinction, characteristics, data processing cycle, value of information
- (h) Modes of data processing (real-time/ online, batch, distributed, centralised)
- (i) Attributes of good information
- (j) Ergonomics (physical health and mental health)
- 3. Information Technology:
  - (a) Manual versus computerized systems
  - (b) Limitations of using computers
  - (c) Applications
  - (d) Social impact of computers and information technology

#### **B** COMPUTER HARDWARE AND SOFTWARE

- 1. Computer hardware, including maintenance of hardware devices
- 2. Computer software, including the applicability of computer software to businesses

#### C DATA COMMUNICATION AND COMPUTER NETWORKS

- 1. Data transmission:
  - (a) Data communication for business, including principles and devices
  - (b) Transmission and control of business data, including transmission characteristics
  - (c) Components of data communication
  - (d) Data management and security
- 2. Wired and wireless communication channels
- 3. Computer networks, including types, characteristics, benefits and challenges
- 4. Network topologies, including types and characteristics
- 5. Network models, including characteristics and applications of client-server and peer-to-peer systems
- 6. Big Data

- 7. Cloud computing
- 8. Internet of things (IoT):
  - (a) Technologies including real-time analytics, machine learning, commodity sensors, embedded systems and other emerging technologies
  - (b) Applications
  - (c) Enabling technologies: Addressability, application layer, standards and standards organisations
  - (d) Challenges and adoption barriers
  - (e) Government regulation

#### D COMPUTER-BASED INFORMATION SYSTEMS

- 1. Nature, types, components and characteristics of information systems
- 2. Office automation systems
- 3. Benefits and limitations of computer-based information systems
- 4. Transaction processing, decision support, management information and executive support systems
- 5. Application of information systems in functional areas such as sales, marketing, manufacturing and production, finance and accounting and human resource management
- 6. Information systems as a tool for business strategy
- 7. Challenges posed by strategic information systems and possible solutions

#### E INFORMATION SYSTEMS DEVELOPMENT

- 1. The traditional systems development life cycle, including the stages and activities involved and tools used
- 2. Stakeholders to system development, including their roles
- 3. Alternatives to the traditional systems development life cycle, including prototyping and rapid application development (RAD), joint application design (JAD), participatory design (PD) and agile methodologies



- 4. Systems development and management considerations
- 5. Organisational change considerations
- 6. Challenges of building and using information systems and possible solutions

#### F E-GOVERNANCE

- 1. E-government and e-governance
- 2. Types of interactions in e-governance:
  - (a) Government-to-business (G2B)
  - (b) Government-to-citizen (G2C)
  - (c) Government-to-employees (G2E)
  - (d) Government-to-government (G2G)
- 3. E-governance models
- 4. Information communication technology (ICT) governance framework, including the tools used and compliance with the framework
- 5. Role of ICT in governance
- 6. Phases of e-governance
- 7. E-governance in Uganda, including the role of National Information Technology Authority Uganda and Uganda Communications Commission; e-services and benefits of e-governance
- 8. Challenges of e-governance

### G ELECTRONIC COMMERCE (E-COMMERCE)

- 1. Concepts and features
- 2. Modes of e-commerce:
  - (a) Business-to-business (B2B)
  - (b) Business-to-consumer (B2C)
  - (c) Mobile commerce (m-commerce)
  - (d) Facebook commerce (f-commerce)
  - (e) Consumer-to-consumer (C2C)

- (f) Consumer-to-business (C2B)
- (g) Business-to-administration (B2A)
- 3. Marketing on the internet, including methods, e-marketplaces (including components and types as well as considerations for setting up an e-marketplace)
- Security in e-commerce, including dimensions as well as types and causes of threats and measures to mitigate the threats
- 5. Ethical and legal issues
- 6. E-transactions

#### H ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE

1. Importance, application and challenges of artificial intelligence

# I INFORMATION SYSTEMS RISK AND SECURITY MANAGEMENT

- 1. Introduction:
  - (a) Risk and risk management
  - (b) Types of risks
  - (c) Business value of security and controls
  - (d) Need for special protection from destruction, error and abuse of information systems
  - (e) Organisational and managerial frameworks for security and control
  - (f) Risk assessment and evaluation as well as risk management strategies
- 2. Importance of risk management; integration of risk management into the systems development life cycle
- 3. Risk assessment steps, including system characterisation, threat identification, vulnerability identification, control analysis, livelihood determination, impact analysis, risk determination, control recommendations, results documentation

- 4. Risk mitigation and risk mitigation options, including risk assumption, risk avoidance, risk limitation, risk planning, research and acknowledgement and risk transfer
- 5. Security controls:
  - (a) Technological security controls, management security controls, operational security controls
  - (b) Approaches to control implementation
  - (c) Quality control and quality assurance
  - (d) Tools and technologies for safeguarding information resources
  - (e) Challenges posed by information systems security and control and solutions to the challenges
- 6. Computer virus risks and mitigation measures
- 7. Residual risk
- 8. Cyber security, including data breaches, cyber risk management framework and controls to detect, prevent or mitigate cyber-based risks
- 9. Cloud based services and controls

### **DETAILED SYLLABUS (HANDS-ON)**

#### A SPREADSHEETS

- 1. Introduction to spreadsheets, including commonly used spreadsheet programs
- 2. Standard features of spreadsheets
- 3. Microsoft Office Excel (Excel)
  - (a) Using Excel:
    - (i) Starting Excel
    - (ii) Excel working environment
    - (iii) Using the ribbon as the Excel user interface
    - (iv) Navigating within the worksheet/ workbook
    - (v) Selecting a cell or range of cells
    - (vi) Entering data

- (vii) Cutting, copying and pasting cell values
- (viii) Copy and paste special
- (ix) Saving and opening a workbook
- (b) Managing rows and columns:
  - (i) Inserting, moving and deleting cells
  - (ii) Managing columns and rows
  - (iii) Hiding and unhiding rows/ columns
  - (iv) Formatting column widths and row heights
- (c) Managing worksheets:
  - (i) Formatting worksheet tabs
  - (ii) Inserting and deleting worksheets
  - (iii) Moving and copying worksheets
  - (iv) Hiding and unhiding worksheets
- (d) Formatting:
  - (i) Formatting cells
  - (ii) Formatting text and data
  - (iii) Number and date formatting
  - (iv) Merging cells, columns and rows
  - (v) Text wrapping
  - (vi) Formatting column width and row height
  - (vii) Finding and replacing text
  - (viii) Formatting using cell styles
- (e) Formulas and functions:
  - (i) Entering formulas
  - (ii) Arithmetic operators and order of operations
  - (iii) Auto-fill options
  - (iv) Commonly used functions: VLOOKUP, HLOOKUP, SUM, IF, MAX and MIN, SUMIF, COUNTIF, AND, OR, Left, Right and Concatenate, Round, Proper, Now, Rank, Financial functions

- (f) Worksheet and table data:
  - (i) Creating and modifying tables
  - (ii) Sorting and filtering data in tables
  - (iii) Summarising table information
  - (iv) Search and replace
  - (v) Preparing output
- (g) Charts:
  - (i) Column charts
  - (ii) Bar charts
  - (iii) Line charts
  - (iv) Scatter charts
  - (v) Pie (doughnut) charts
- (h) Workbooks:
  - (i) Linking worksheets
  - (ii) Print areas; printing worksheets
  - (iii) Page setup options
  - (iv) Setting page breaks

#### **B** WORD PROCESSING

- 1. Introduction to word processing, including commonly used word processing programs
- 2. Contents and uses of features of word processing programs
- 3. Using the Word Application:
  - (a) Saving document to a location on a drive, under another name and in another file type such as Text file, Rich text format, Hypertext Markup Language (HTML), Template, Software specific file extension and Version number
  - (b) Switching between open documents
  - (c) Using available help functions
  - (d) Closing a document
  - (e) Adjusting settings
  - (f) Changing between page view modes



- (g) Using magnification/ zoom tools
- (h) Displaying/ hiding built-in toolbars
- (i) Displaying/ hiding non-printing characters
- Modifying basic options/ preferences in the Application, including user name, default directory/ folder to open, save documents
- 4. Main operations:
  - (a) Inserting and deleting text
  - (b) Paragraphing
  - (c) Using the keyboard to navigate around a document
  - (d) Inserting special characters and symbols
  - (e) Selecting data, character, word, line, sentence, paragraph and entire body text
  - (f) Using the 'undo' and 'redo' commands
  - (g) Duplicating, moving, deleting a file
  - (h) Duplicating text within a document and between open documents
  - (i) Editing content, including inserting new characters, words within existing text, overwriting text
  - (j) Searching and replacing
  - (k) Using a simple 'replace' command for a specific word or phrase
- 5. Document formatting:
  - (a) Inserting and removing paragraph marks
  - (b) Inserting and removing soft carriage return/ line break marks
  - (c) Aligning text to the left, centre, right and justified
  - (d) Setting paragraph alignment
  - (e) Setting alignment in styles
  - (f) Indenting paragraphs to the left, right, first line or hanging
  - (g) Line spacing: Single, double and line spacing within paragraphs

- (h) Applying spacing above and/ or below paragraphs
- (i) Setting, removing and using tabs: Left, centre, right and decimal
- (j) Applying bullets:
  - (i) Numbers to a single level list
  - (ii) Removing bullets/ numbers from a single level list
  - (iii) Bulleting an existing list/ quick method
  - (iv) Bulleting an existing list using 'Format'
  - (v) Creating a new bullet list
  - (vi) Turning off bullets
  - (vii) Creating a numbered list
- (k) Borders and shading
- 6. Tables:
  - (a) Creating a table
  - (b) Inserting and editing data in a table
  - (c) Selecting cells, rows, columns and entire table
  - (d) Inserting/ deleting rows and columns
  - (e) Modifying column width and row height
  - (f) Modifying cell border width, style and colour
  - (g) Setting borders of individual cells/ blocks of cells
  - (h) Adding shading to cells
  - (i) Adding a shadow on the table
  - (j) Other important table functions
- 7. Pictures, images and charts:
  - (a) Inserting picture or image or chart into a document
  - (b) Selecting picture, image or chart in a document
  - (c) Duplicating picture, image or chart within a document
  - (d) Resizing a picture, image or chart within a document
  - (e) Deleting a picture, image, chart within a document
- 8. Mail merging:
  - (a) Starting 'mail merge'

- (b) Identifying the main document
- (c) Creating a recipient list
- (d) Customising columns in a recipient list
- (e) Rearranging columns in a recipient list
- (f) Saving a recipient list
- (g) Entering records into a recipient list
- (h) Sorting records to be merged
- (i) Highlighting merge fields
- (j) Inserting merge fields into a document
- (k) Previewing merged data
- (I) 'If-Then-Else'rule
- (m) Merging to a new document
- (n) Merging to a printer
- 9. Output:
  - (a) Document proofing: Checking layout, presentation and spelling
  - (b) Spell-check
  - (c) Using Thesaurus

#### C PRESENTATION SOFTWARE

- 1. Key features of and commonly used presentation software
- 2. Contents and uses of features of presentation software
- 3. Preparing a presentation
- 4. Exploring the 'PowerPoint' Application
- 5. Developing and working with presentations
- 6. Slides
- 7. Designing templates
- 8. Editing and proofing text
- 9. Formatting presentation text
- 10. Formatting bullets and numbers
- 11. Working with tables
- 12. Using graphic images

- 13. Using SmartArt
- 14. Master slide
- 15. Working with drawn objects and pictures
- 16. Text and images
- 17. Charts and graphs
- 18. Adding special effects
- 19. Duplicating, moving and deleting slides
- 20. Using page setup: Change slide setup, slide orientation to portrait and/or landscape
- 21. Using slide show view
- 22. Preparing output
- 23. Notes, outlines, page name
- 24. Handouts
- 25. Delivering a presentation.

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